

## Minimum wages in OECD countries

Herwig Immervoll
Social Policy Division



#### Overview

- Why minimum wages?
   Objectives associated with wage floors
- Generosity what benchmark?
  - Gross wages
  - -Labour costs
  - -Poverty thresholds
  - Work incentives
- Conclusions: what role for MW?



#### Why minimum wages?

- Wage determination / 'fairness'
- Pay differentials between domestic and foreign workers
- Tackle evasion
- Redistribution
- Make work pay

... imply different benchmarks for MW levels

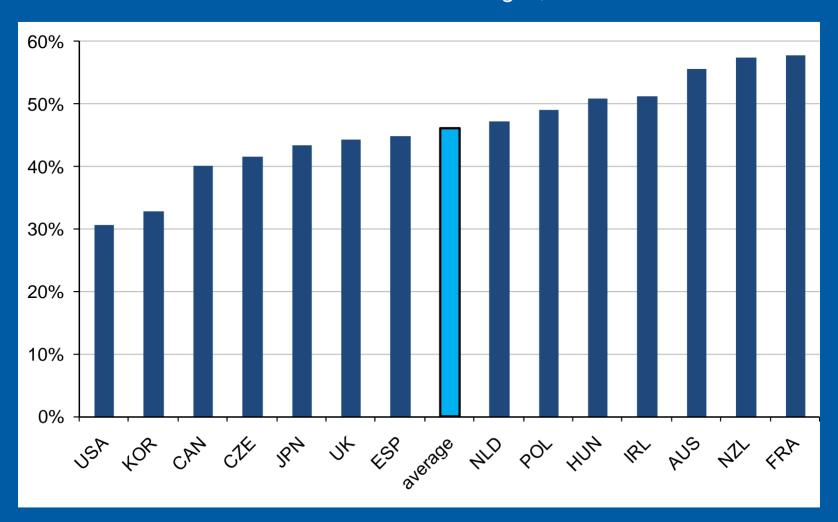


### Generosity 1: Gross wages



## MW ranging mostly between 30-60% of median... close to 'low-pay' cutoff in some countries

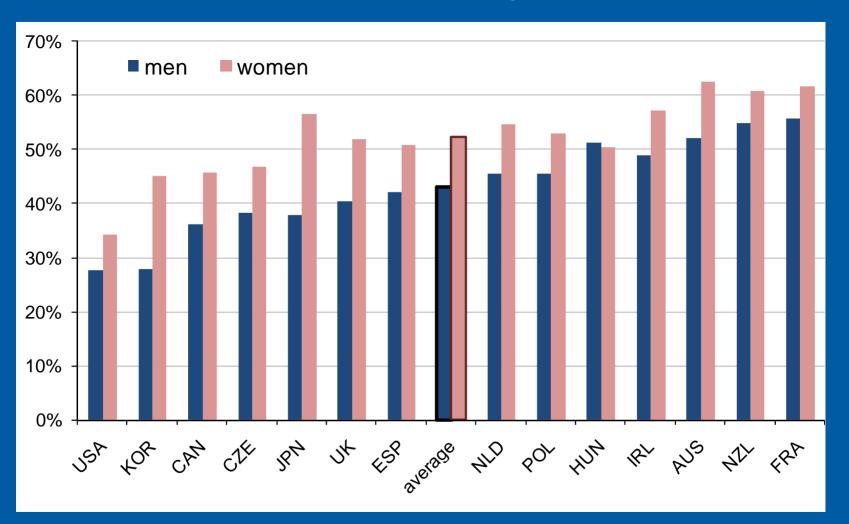
MW in % of median full-time wages, around 2006.





## ... but relative MW can be much higher for women, young workers, or in particular geographical areas

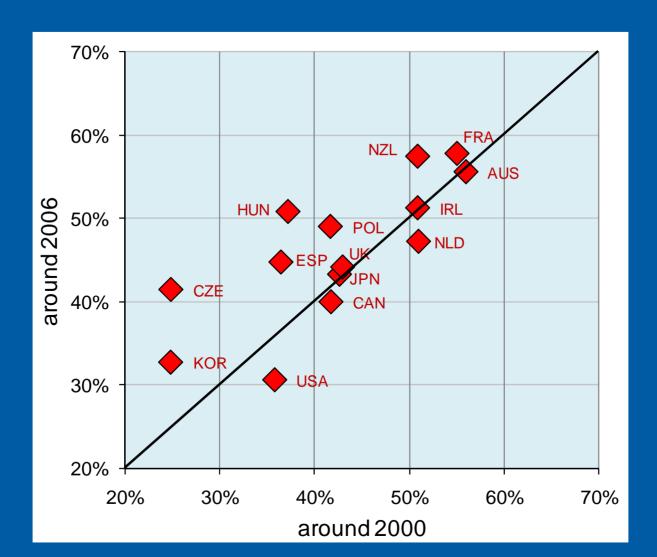
MW in % of median full-time wages, around 2006.





#### Recent increases in most countries ...

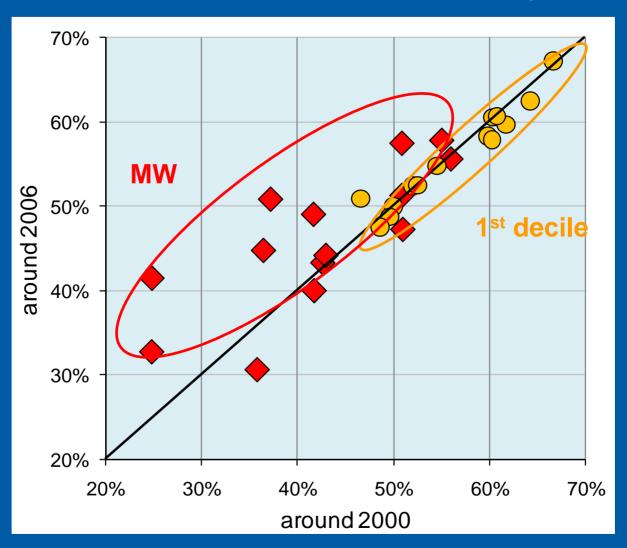
MW in % of median full-time wages





## ... but lower half of wage distribution otherwise unchanged or widening ...

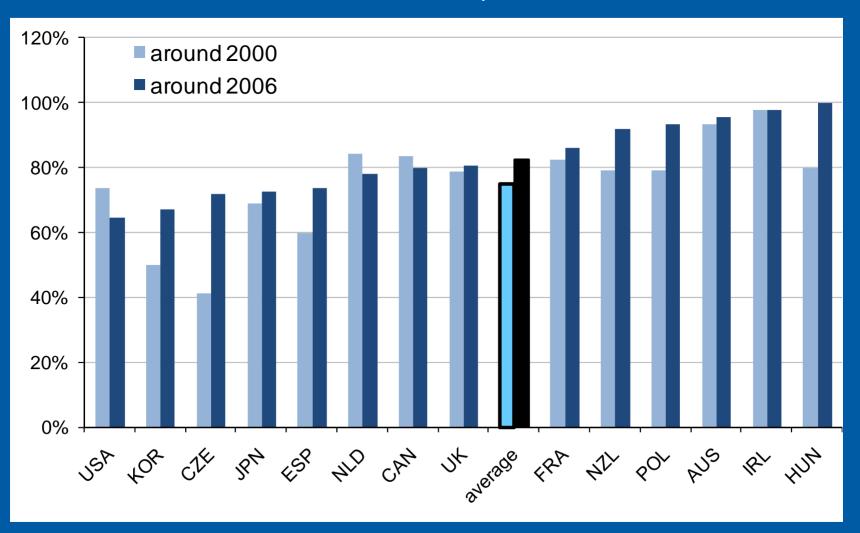
MW and p10 in % of median full-time wages





## ... resulting in a compression at the lower end and increasing importance of minimum wages.

MW in % of p10



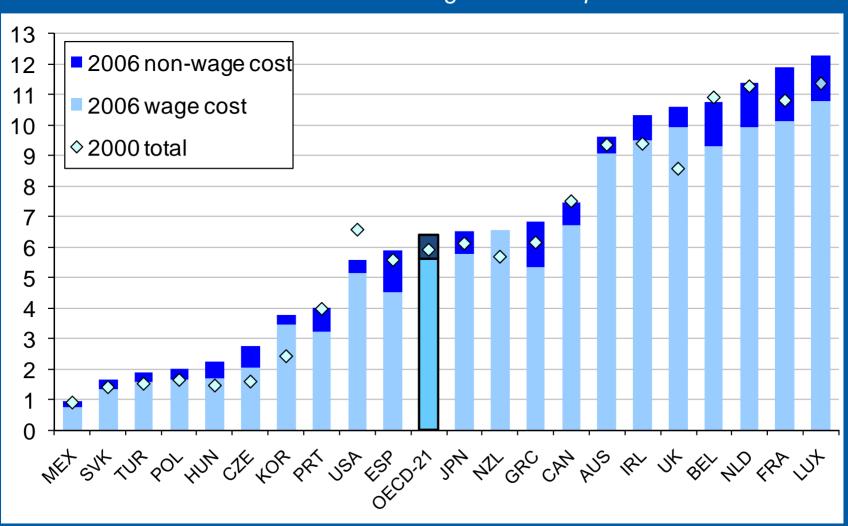


### Generosity 2: Labour costs



## Minimum labour costs: enormous country differences

Hourly minimum labour costs
USD at 2006 exchange rates and prices



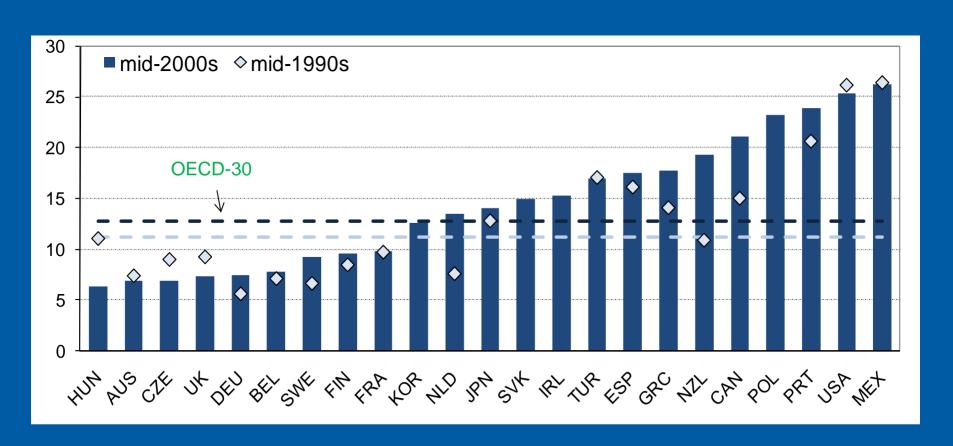


# Generosity 3: in-work poverty



## In-work poverty in one-earner households: often high and mostly increasing

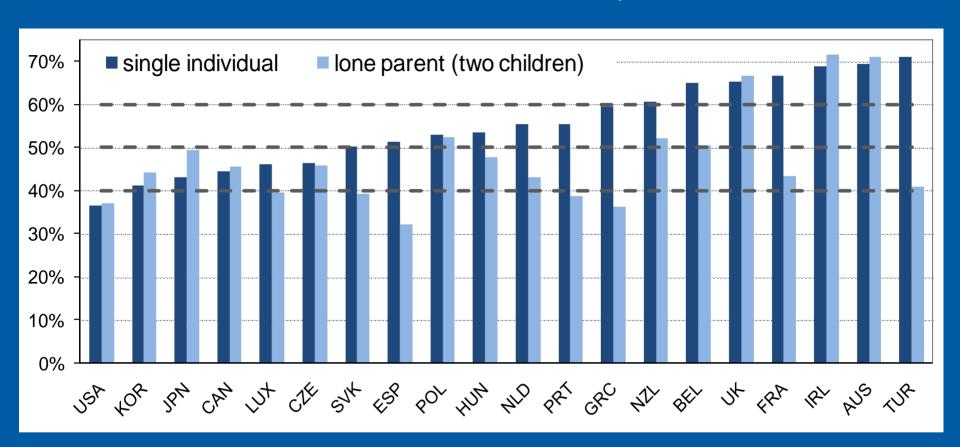
In-work poverty headcounts among one-earner households





## (one) minimum-wage job is often not enough to comfortably clear poverty threshold

Net income of full-time MW worker % of median household income, 2005



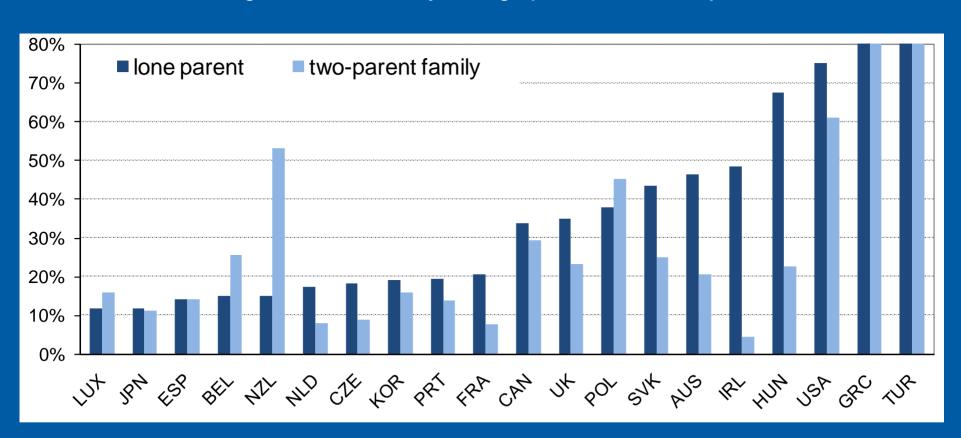


# Generosity 4: work incentives



# Even with high MW levels, work incentives can be limited if tax/benefit system not employment-friendly

Income gain for somebody taking up a full-time MW job, 2005





#### Conclusions

- MW an important driving factor of
  - cost of low-wage work
  - incomes of low-paid workers
- ... but only *one* factor among several
- Need for co-ordination of different policy areas
- Changing economic or policy context has implications for MW policy



### Thank you